

Speaker of the House Mike Johnson House of Representatives Cannon House Office Building, CHOB – B68 Washington, DC 20515

Senate Minority Leader Mitch McConnell United States Senate Russell Senate Office Building, SR – 317 Washington, DC 20510 Senate Majority Leader Chuck Schumer United States Senate Hart Senate Office Building, SH – 322 Washington, DC 20151

House Minority Leader Hakeem Jeffries House of Representatives Rayburn House Office Building, RHOB - 2433 Washington, DC 20515

Re: The Need to Make Permanent the Enhanced Advanced Premium Tax Credits

Dear Speaker Johnson, Senate Majority Leader Schumer, Senate Minority Leader McConnell, House Minority Leader Jeffries:

The undersigned 40 Partnership to Protect Coverage (PPC) member organizations urge Congress to permanently extend the Affordable Care Act's (ACA) enhanced advance premium tax credits (APTCs) before they expire at

the end of 2025. Permanently extending these critical subsidies is essential to prevent a sudden increase in out-ofpocket costs and the loss of insurance coverage for millions of people.

Our organizations represent millions of patients and consumers who face serious, acute, and chronic health conditions. Together, we offer unique perspectives on what individuals and families need to prevent disease, cure illness, and manage their health. The diversity of our organizations and the populations we serve enable us to draw upon extensive knowledge and expertise that can be an invaluable resource as Congress considers any legislation that would reform our healthcare system.

In March of 2017, our organizations agreed upon three overarching principles to guide any work to reform and improve the nation's healthcare system. These principles state that: (1) health care should be accessible, meaning that coverage should be easy to understand and not pose a barrier to care; (2) health care should be affordable, enabling patients to access the treatments they need to live healthy and productive lives; and (3) health care must be adequate, meaning healthcare coverage should cover treatments patients need.

Overview & Impact of the Enhanced APTCs

The ACA established advance tax credits to help lower the cost of health insurance purchased in the Marketplaces. Under the ACA, individuals earning between 100% and 400% of the federal poverty level (FPL) are eligible for these tax credits on a sliding scale – the lower the income level, the higher the amount of tax credits.

In 2021, Congress made two temporary, but critically important changes to the tax credits: it increased the amount of the tax credits for those between 133% - 400% FPL; and capped premium costs at 8.5% of annual income for individuals and families earning more than 400% FPL.¹ These enhanced tax credits were in effect in 2021 and 2022. Then in response to their success, in 2022, Congress extended these enhanced tax credits again, this time through the end of 2025.

Since the enhanced APTCs were first enacted in 2021, they have helped 9.4 million Americans gain access to high-quality and affordable health coverage – reducing the number of uninsured to just 7.7 percent.² Today, enrollment in the ACA marketplaces is at an all-time high, with more than 21 million people now insured through the ACA.³

Enrollment in marketplace plans generated by enhanced APTCs have provided millions of Americans with affordable, comprehensive health coverage by allowing more people to purchase high-quality health insurance coverage that meets their health care needs. This includes services included in the Essential Health Benefits (EHB) package (such as doctor's visits, prescription drugs, hospitalizations, and preventive services), annual out-of-pocket cost caps, and prohibitions on discriminatory plan design and practices like denying coverage or charging more based on pre-existing conditions.

Congress Should Act Now to Permanently Extend the Enhanced APTCs

The enhanced APTCs are scheduled to expire by the end of 2025. If Congress fails to act by August of 2025, premiums for Marketplace enrollees will skyrocket, forcing some patients and consumers to abandon the highquality coverage upon which they have come to rely. Action is urgent because the process for setting rates and developing plans is lengthy and complex.

¹ Center for Budget and Policy Priorities, Health Insurance Costs Will Rise Deeply If Premium Tax Credit Improvements Expire.

https://www.cbpp.org/research/health/health-insurance-costs-will-rise-steeply-if-premium-tax-credit-improvements-expire

² Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation, *National Uninsured Rate Reaches an All-Time Low in early 2023 after the Close of the ACA Open Enrollment Period* (August 3, 2023),

https://aspe.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/e06a66dfc6f62afc8bb809038dfaebe4/Uninsured-Record-Low-Q12023.pdf

³ Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Health Insurance Marketplaces 2024 Open Enrollment Report

⁽March 22, 2024), www.cms.gov/files/document/health-insurance-exchanges-2024-open-enrollmentreport-final.pdf

Issuers will begin finalizing rates for 2026 Marketplace plans early in 2025 - working throughout the year with state and federal regulators to ensure their products comply with state and federal standards. However, if the enhanced APTCs are not extended in time for issuers to develop rates in time for open enrollment, patients and consumers could see considerable price hikes when they begin shopping for 2026 coverage in the fall of 2025.

The drastic change in premium cost could be devastating for the patients and consumers we represent. For example, a family of four making \$60,000 (200% of FPL) would see their monthly marketplace premium increase from \$100 to \$326—an annual increase of about \$2,700. A 60-year-old couple making \$45,000 (228% of FPL) would see monthly marketplace premiums increase from \$117 to \$283 — an annual increase of almost \$2,000.⁴

Patients with serious and chronic conditions cannot afford to go without insurance that meets their healthcare needs. As such, we urge Congress to take immediate action to permanently extend the enhanced APTCs. Please contact Katie Berge (Katie.Berge@lls.org) and Jelani Murrain (Jelani.Murrain@cancer.org) if you have questions or feedback. We thank you for your attention to this issue and welcome the opportunity to discuss it further.

Sincerely,

Alpha-1 Foundation **ALS** Association American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network American Heart Association American Kidney Fund American Liver Foundation American Lung Association Arthritis Foundation Asthma and Allergy Foundation of America Cancer Support Community Cancer*Care* Child Neurology Foundation Chronic Disease Coalition Crohn's & Colitis Foundation **Cystic Fibrosis Foundation Epilepsy Foundation** Foundation for Sarcoidosis Research Hemophilia Federation of America Immune Deficiency Foundation Lupus Foundation of America Lutheran Services in America March of Dimes Muscular Dystrophy Association National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) National Bleeding Disorders Foundation National Coalition for Cancer Survivorship National Eczema Association National Health Council National Kidney Foundation National Multiple Sclerosis Society National Organization for Rare Disorders National Patient Advocate Foundation National Psoriasis Foundation

NMDP (formerly National Marrow Donor Program) Pulmonary Hypertension Association Susan G. Komen The AIDS Institute The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society The Mended Hearts, Inc. WomenHeart

⁴ Center for Budget and Policy Priorities, *Health Insurance Costs Will Rise Deeply If Premium Tax Credit Improvements Expire*. <u>https://www.cbpp.org/research/health/health/health-insurance-costs-will-rise-steeply-if-premium-tax-credit-improvements-expire</u>